What the draft 2020-2029 Sunrise River Watershed Management Organization Plan means for your lake:

Draft May 2019

Program	Coon Lake	Linwood Lake	Martin Lake	Typo Lake	Fawn Lake	Boot Lake
Lake Water Quality Monitoring	3 of 10 yrs	3 of 10 yrs	8 of 10 yrs to track benefits			2021
Monitor in-lake water quality including include total	,	•	of ongoing water quality			only
phosphorus, chlorophyll-a (algae), and transparency.			projects			,
Purpose is to track water quality project effectiveness and						
track trends.						
Est SRWMO expenditures: \$46,394						
Dates: 2020-2029						
Lake Transparency Monitoring by Volunteers		•	10 of 10 yrs			
Coordinate volunteer monitoring of lake clarity every-other-						
week during summer. Schedule includes all lakes listed to						
the right plus Island, Skunk, Tamarack, Rice, South Coon and						
Pet Lakes. Purpose is to ensure continuous records of a basi	С					
water quality parameter in years when professional						
monitoring does not occur.						
Est SRWMO expenditures: \$10,277						
Dates: 2020-2029						
Tributary Water Quality Monitoring			3 of 10 yrs	1 of 10 yrs		
Monitor tributary stream water quality including total						
phosphorus, total suspended solids, dissolved oxygen and						
others. Purpose is to diagnose lake water quality or track						
changes to impaired streams.						
Est SRWMO expenditures: \$6,779						
Dates: 2020-2029						

Program		Coon Lake	Linwood Lake	Martin Lake	Typo Lake	Fawn Lake	Boot Lake
Lake Level Monitoring				10 of 10 yrs			
Monitor lake levels weekly. T	he SRWMO pays for			·			
equipment, installation and su	urveying at sites where						
volunteers monitor lake level.	. Purpose is to track water						
levels and inform managemer	nt decisions.						
Est SRWMO expenditures:	\$18,477						
Dates:	2020-2029						
Agricultural Water Quality Pr	ojects			All. Sites not ye	t selected.		
Conservation plans will be cre	eated with at least five						
agricultural producers in colla	boration with a grant-funded						
program at Chisago Soil and V	Vater Conservation District.						
The SRWMO will thereafter ha	ave small grants to incentivize						
installing identified projects tl	hat benefit water quality.						
Est SRWMO expenditures:	\$15,740						
Dates:	2021-2022 and possibly later						
Lakeshore stewardship grant	s to landowners through lake	Δ	any lake with	a willing lake ass	ociation or simi	lar group	
associations							
New cost share grant progran	n in conjunction with interested						
lake groups to incentivize land	downers to do lakeshore						
buffers, rain gardens and other	er water quality improvement						
projects. The SRWMO will pro	ovide the funding and ask that						
lake groups promote the prog	gram, receive requests for funds						
and help select projects. The	SRWMO will retain final						
approval authority over exper	nditures.						
Est SRWMO expenditures:	\$25,500						
Grant funds to be pursued:	\$102,000						
Dates:	2022-2027						

Program	Coon Lake	Linwood	Martin Lake	Typo Lake	Fawn	Boot
		Lake			Lake	Lake
Carp Management Feasibility Study Estimate carp populations and reproduction rates, and compare these to scientific goals. Purpose is to determine if carp management will yield lasting benefits to water quality, the fishery and ecological health. Est SRWMO expenditures: \$9,250 Grant funds to be pursued: \$58,420	2025	2018-2019	Initial study complete. Post-management surveys in 2023-24.	Initial study complete. Post-management surveys in 2023-24.		
Dates: 2020-2022						
Carp Management/Removals Remove over-populated carp using a box netting method where feasibility studies have shown the work will result in benefits to water quality, the fishery and overall ecological health. Est SRWMO expenditures: \$25,000 Grant funds to be pursued: \$100,000 Dates: 2020-2025	Possibly, depending on results of feasibility study	Possibly, depending on results of feasibility study	Yes	Yes		
Alum Treatment Feasibility Study A study to determine the extent to which in-lake nutrients are driving water quality impairments, and whether the addition of aluminum sulfate (alum) could correct the issue. Components include lake sediment coring, monitoring and modeling. Also includes an assessment of the social acceptability to lakeshore owners and lake users. Outcome is an assessment of the cost-effectiveness of alum treatment, social acceptability assessment, and prescription for any alum treatment. Est SRWMO expenditures: \$25,000 Grant funds to be pursued: \$100,000 Dates: 2020-2025		Yes	Yes	Yes		

Program	Coon Lake	Linwood Lake	Martin Lake	Typo Lake	Fawn Lake	Boot Lake
Subwatershed Study		Yes			Lake	Lake
A study of selected areas draining to a lake which identify						
water quality improvement projects, estimate their costs						
and pollutant reductions and rank projects on cost-						
effectiveness. The purpose is to target management where	9					
it will be most effective and facilitate successful grant						
applications to install projects. Studies/projects have been						
previously done at Coon and Martin Lakes. Linwood Lake is	S					
selected next based on recommendations of a TMDL						
impaired waters study and watershed restoration and						
protection strategies study.						
Est SRWMO expenditures: \$5,000						
Grant funds to be pursued: \$20,000						
Dates: 2023-2024						
Install Projects in Completed Subwatershed Studies, Alum	Yes	Yes, 2024	Yes			
feasibility studies or similar		or later				
The most cost-effective projects will be installed and could						
include rain gardens, lakeshore restorations, wetland						
restorations, stormwater ponds, alum treatments or others	5.					
Projects are only installed where the landowner is willing.						
Est SRWMO expenditures: \$35,300						
Grant funds to be pursued: \$141,200						
Dates: 2020, 2024, 2026-27						

Program	Coon Lake	Linwood Lake	Martin Lake	Typo Lake	Fawn Lake	Boot Lake
Demonstration Water Quality Projects on Public Lands	Possibly	Possibly	Possibly		Lake	Lake
Implement shoreline or stormwater management	,	,	,			
demonstration projects, or educational outreach projects,						
with Anoka County Parks or lands owned by Coon Lake						
Beach Improvement Assoc. Targeted areas are at Coon,						
Linwood and Island Lakes. Some projects being discussed						
include educational displays at a future Island Lake fishing						
pier, boardwalk or trail, or and adding a stormwater						
treatment demonstration at new parking lot.						
Est SRWMO expenditures: \$13,500						
Grant funds to be pursued: \$54,000						
Dates: 2020, 2024, 2026-27						
Lakeshore Photo Inventories	Yes	Yes	Yes			
360-degree photo inventories of lakeshore which are posted						
to Google Maps (use the Street View feature to view).						
Purpose is to document lakeshore conditions so that funding						
for erosion correction and other assistance can be targeted						
to properties in greatest need.						
Est SRWMO expenditures: \$2,000						
Grant funds to be pursued: \$8,000						
Dates: 2020 (completed in 2020 at						
no cost to SRWMO) and 2026						
Weir Repair Request		Yes				
The SRWMO will request that the MN DNR replace/repair						
their weir at the outlet of Linwood Lake.						
Est SRWMO expenditures: \$0						
Dates: All						

Program	Coon Lake	Linwood	Martin Lake	Typo Lake	Fawn	Boot
		Lake			Lake	Lake
Lake Association Newsletter Content	Every lake	with a willing	lake association	or similar group	o. Most like	ly are at
To better partner with lake associations and connect with		Cod	on, Linwood and	Martin Lakes.		
lake residents the SRWMO wishes to more regularly						
contribute content to lake association newsletters.						
Est SRWMO expenditures: \$12,230						
Grant funds to be pursued: \$0						
Dates: 2020						
Septic Systems	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Failing shoreline septic systems continue to be a concern. A						
variety of efforts will take place including: (a) Anoka						
Conservation District continues to offer grants to fix failing						
systems, (b) septic system maintenance workshops and (c)						
working toward point of sale inspections in all SRWMO						
communities.						
Est SRWMO expenditures: varies, some tasks done by						
others						
Dates: 2020						

Notes:

- The above information is based on the 5-3-2019 draft of the SRWMO 4th Generation Watershed Management Plan, which is undergoing a 60-day review period by agencies. Comments from anyone are welcomed. Edits are likely.
- All estimated expenditures are over 10 years. Actual expenditures may vary.
- The SRWMO realizes that aquatic invasive species management is an important issue that lake groups tackle. The SRWMO has adopted a policy that it will not pay for maintenance treatments of aquatic invasive species unless those treatments will achieve a water quality benefit. While the issue is important, the SRWMO's focus is on water quality. The board believes that AIS treatments, which are often needed annually, could consume most or all of their budgets, leaving little for their core mission.